

Shinhan Life Insurance Vietnam Limited Liability Company

Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2023





Shinhan Life Insurance Vietnam Limited Liability Company Corporate Information

Establishment and Operation License No.

85/GP/KDBH

8 February 2021

The Establishment and Operation License No. 85/GP/KDBH was issued by the Ministry of Finance on 8 February 2021. The Establishment and Operation License is valid for 50 years from the date of the Establishment and Operation License.

Members' Council

Mr. Bae Seung Jun

Chairman

(from 8 August 2023)

Mr. Lee Euichul

Chairman

(until 7 August 2023)

Ms. Kim Minji

Member

Mr. Kim Soongi Member

(from 23 March 2023)

Mr. Bae Seung Jun

Member (until 7 August 2023)

Mr. Lee Young Ho

Member

(until 22 March 2023)

Legal Representative

Mr. Bae Seung Jun

General Director

(from 8 August 2023)

Mr. Lee Euichul

General Director (until 7 August 2023)

Registered Office

20th Floor, Friendship Tower

31 Le Duan Street, Ben Nghe Ward, District 1

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

Auditor

KPMG Limited

Vietnam

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Shinhan Life Insurance Vietnam Limited Liability Company Statement of the General Director

The General Director of Shinhan Life Insurance Vietnam Limited Liability Company ("the Company") presents this statement and the accompanying financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023.

The General Director is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System for enterprises, Circular No. 199/2014/TT-BTC dated 19 December 2014 issued by the Ministry of Finance on the promulgation of accounting guidance for life insurance companies and reinsurance companies and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to financial reporting. In the opinion of the General Director:

- (a) the financial statements set out on pages 5 to 52 give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2023, and of its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System for enterprises, Circular No. 199/2014/TT-BTC dated 19 December 2014 issued by the Ministry of Finance on the promulgation of accounting guidance for life insurance companies and reinsurance companies and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to interim financial reporting; and
- (b) at the date of this statement, there are no reasons to believe that the Company will not be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

The General Director has, on the date of this statement, authorised the accompanying financial statements for issue.

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A Bae Seung Jun

General Director

Ho Chi Minh City, 26 March 2024





KPMG Limited Branch 10th Floor, Sun Wah Tower 115 Nguyen Hue Street, Ben Nghe Ward District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam +84 (28) 3821 9266 | kpmg.com.vn

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Investor Shinhan Life Insurance Vietnam Limited Liability Company

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Shinhan Life Insurance Vietnam Limited Liability Company ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2023, the related statements of income and cash flows for the year then ended and the explanatory notes thereto which were authorised for issue by the Company's General Director on 26 March 2024, as set out on pages 5 to 52.

Management's Responsibility

The Company's General Director is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System for enterprises, Circular No. 199/2014/TT-BTC dated 19 December 2014 issued by the Ministry of Finance on the promulgation of accounting guidance for life insurance companies and reinsurance companies and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to financial reporting, and for such internal control as the General Director determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Company's General Director, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the financial position of Shinhan Life Insurance Vietnam Limited Liability Company as at 31 December 2023 and of its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System for enterprises, Circular No. 199/2014/TT-BTC dated 19 December 2014 issued by the Ministry of Finance on the promulgation of accounting guidance for life insurance companies and reinsurance companies and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to financial reporting.

Other Matter

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022 were audited by another firm of auditors whose report dated 29 March 2023 expressed an unqualified opinion on those statements.

KPMG Limited's Branch in Ho Chi Minh City

Vietnam

Audit Report No : 23-01-00473-24-1

CHI NHÁNH CÔNG TY TNHH KPMG

Nelson Rodriguez Casihan
Practicing Auditor Registration
Certificate No. 2225-2023-007-1
Deputy General Director

Ho Chi Minh City, 26 March 2024

Truong Vinh Phuc

Practicing Auditor Registration Certificate No. 1901-2023-007-1





Shinhan Life Insurance Vietnam Limited Liability Company Balance sheet as at 31 December 2023

Form B 01 – DNNT (Issued under Circular No. 199/2014/TT-BTC dated 19 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

| | Code | Note | 31/12/2023 VND | 31/12/2022 VND |
|---|-------|-------|-------------------|-------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Current assets (100 = 110 + 120 + 130 + 150) | 100 | | 1,523,338,345,198 | 1,801,276,874,153 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 110 | 4 | 85,499,013,699 | 109,503,197,749 |
| Cash | 111 | | 7,999,013,699 | 6,503,197,749 |
| Cash equivalents | 112 | | 77,500,000,000 | 103,000,000,000 |
| Short-term financial investments | 120 | 5 | 1,332,296,400,000 | 1,591,655,000,000 |
| Short-term investments | 121 | | 1,332,296,400,000 | 1,591,655,000,000 |
| Accounts receivable – short-term | 130 | | 91,754,115,718 | 88,665,761,867 |
| Accounts receivable | 131 | 6 | 20,805,638,600 | 17,836,284,400 |
| Accounts receivable – insurance | 131.1 | | 20,805,638,600 | 17,836,284,400 |
| Prepayments to suppliers | 132 | | 1,992,404,200 | 4,327,880,745 |
| Other short-term receivables | 135 | 7(a) | 68,989,784,983 | 66,501,596,722 |
| Allowance for doubtful debts | 139 | 7(a) | (33,712,065) | - |
| Other current assets | 150 | | 13,788,815,781 | 11,452,914,537 |
| Short-term prepaid expenses | 151 | 12(a) | 12,492,941,424 | 10,160,572,449 |
| Taxes receivable from State Treasury | 154 | 15(b) | 1,295,874,357 | 1,292,342,088 |

Shinhan Life Insurance Vietnam Limited Liability Company Balance sheet as at 31 December 2023 (continued)

Form B 01 – DNNT (Issued under Circular No. 199/2014/TT-BTC dated 19 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

| | Code | Note | 31/12/2023 VND | 31/12/2022 VND |
|---|-------|-------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Long-term assets (200 = 210 + 220 + 230 + 250 + 260) | 200 | | 856,601,938,214 | 578,767,094,369 |
| Accounts receivable – long-term | 210 | | 58,582,010,190 | 27,058,224,357 |
| Other long-term receivables | 218 | 7(b) | 58,582,010,190 | 27,058,224,357 |
| Statutory security deposit | 218.1 | ` ' | 15,000,000,000 | 12,000,000,000 |
| Other receivables | 218.2 | | 43,582,010,190 | 15,058,224,357 |
| Fixed assets | 220 | | 143,271,813,697 | 140,613,444,530 |
| Tangible fixed assets | 221 | 8 | 28,518,014,504 | 38,352,666,627 |
| Cost | 222 | | 54,378,079,089 | 47,754,894,550 |
| Accumulated depreciation | 223 | | (25,860,064,585) | (9,402,227,923) |
| Intangible fixed assets | 227 | 9 | 114,753,799,193 | 102,260,777,903 |
| Cost | 228 | | 152,582,436,072 | 117,141,097,603 |
| Accumulated amortisation | 229 | | (37,828,636,879) | (14,880,319,700) |
| Construction in progress | 230 | 10 | 18,264,775,053 | 3,232,213,125 |
| Long-term financial investments | 250 | 11 | 624,600,000,000 | 400,000,000,000 |
| Other long-term investments | 258 | | 624,600,000,000 | 400,000,000,000 |
| Other long-term assets | 260 | | 11,883,339,274 | 7,863,212,357 |
| Long-term prepaid expenses | 261 | 12(b) | 10,929,342,354 | 7,863,212,357 |
| Deferred tax assets | 262 | 13 | 953,996,920 | - |
| TOTAL ASSETS $(270 = 100 + 200)$ | 270 | | 2,379,940,283,412 | 2,380,043,968,522 |

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Shinhan Life Insurance Vietnam Limited Liability Company Balance sheet as at 31 December 2023 (continued)

Form B 01 – DNNT (Issued under Circular No. 199/2014/TT-BTC dated 19 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

| | Code | Note | 31/12/2023 VND | 31/12/2022 VND |
|--|-------|-------|-------------------|-------------------|
| RESOURCES | | | | |
| LIABILITIES $(300 = 310 + 330)$ | 300 | | 136,877,769,626 | 87,222,317,418 |
| Current liabilities | 310 | | 42,867,387,287 | 58,394,000,545 |
| Accounts payable to suppliers | 312 | 14 | 19,391,035,850 | 29,058,000,551 |
| Accounts payable – insurance | 312.1 | | 10,857,095,150 | 18,805,415,255 |
| Other trade payables | 312.2 | | 8,533,940,700 | 10,252,585,296 |
| Taxes payable to State Treasury | 314 | 15(a) | 1,866,141,296 | 3,472,117,865 |
| Payables to employees | 315 | , , | 269,783,542 | 497,917,408 |
| Accrued expenses | 316 | 16 | 20,477,141,797 | 24,310,476,652 |
| Other short-term payables | 319 | | 392,238,665 | 717,495,923 |
| Temporarily received premiums, | | | | |
| short-term unearned revenue | 319.1 | | 471,046,137 | 337,992,146 |
| Long-term liabilities | 330 | | 94,010,382,339 | 28,828,316,873 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 335 | 13 | - | 372,910,519 |
| Technical reserves | 344 | 17 | 94,010,382,339 | 28,455,406,354 |
| Mathematical reserve | 344.1 | | 85,579,102,867 | 23,478,318,009 |
| Unearned premiums reserve | 344.2 | | 7,300,124,527 | 4,650,033,138 |
| Claims reserve | 344.3 | | 1,131,154,945 | 327,055,207 |
| EQUITY $(400 = 410)$ | 400 | | 2,243,062,513,786 | 2,292,821,651,104 |
| Owner's equity | 410 | 18 | 2,243,062,513,786 | 2,292,821,651,104 |
| Contributed capital | 411 | | 2,320,000,000,000 | 2,320,000,000,000 |
| Statutory reserve | 419 | | 355,003,758 | 355,003,758 |
| Accumulated losses | 421 | | (77,292,489,972) | (27,533,352,654) |
| TOTAL RESOURCES (440 = 300 + 400) | 440 | | 2,379,940,283,412 | 2,380,043,968,522 |

Shinhan Life Insurance Vietnam Limited Liability Company Balance sheet as at 31 December 2023 (continued)

Form B 01 - DNNT

(Issued under Circular No. 199/2014/TT-BTC dated 19 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

| | Note | 31/12/2023 VND | 31/12/2022 VND |
|-----------------------------------|------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Operating lease commitments (VND) | 29 | 64,461,421,503 | 65,753,510,228 |

26 March 2024

Prepared by:

Le Thi Minh Thuy Chief Accountant

Approved by:

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BẢO HIỂM
SHINHAN LIFE

VIỆT NAM Bae Seung Jun TP HCGeneral Director





Shinhan Life Insurance Vietnam Limited Liability Company Statement of income for the year ended 31 December 2023

Form B 02 – DNNT (Issued under Circular No. 199/2014/TT-BTC dated 19 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

PART I – SUMMARY STATEMENT OF INCOME

| | Code | 2023 VND | 2022 VND |
|--|------|------------------|------------------|
| Net revenue from insurance activities | 10 | 214,287,030,311 | 104,049,547,162 |
| Financial income | 12 | 176,975,390,172 | 122,400,496,010 |
| Other income | 13 | 9,700 | 195,884 |
| Total expenses for insurance activities | 20 | 97,311,229,990 | 41,792,334,571 |
| Financial expenses | 22 | 22,719,555 | 410,583,576 |
| Selling expenses | 23 | 192,006,689,220 | 88,278,300,542 |
| General and administration expenses | 24 | 153,006,094,613 | 128,704,903,913 |
| Other expenses | 25 | 1,741,562 | 308,315,803 |
| Accounting loss before tax (50 = 10 + 12 + 13 - 20 - 22 - 23 - 24 - 25) | 50 | (51,086,044,757) | (33,044,199,349) |
| Income tax expense – current | 51 | - | 861,314,178 |
| Income tax (benefit)/expense – deferred | 52 | (1,326,907,439) | 372,910,519 |
| Net loss after tax $(60 = 50 - 51 - 52)$ | 60 | (49,759,137,318) | (34,278,424,046) |

Shinhan Life Insurance Vietnam Limited Liability Company Statement of income for the year ended 31 December 2023 (continued)

Form B 02 – DNNT (Issued under Circular No. 199/2014/TT-BTC dated 19 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

PART II – STATEMENT OF INCOME BY ACTIVITIES

| | Code | Note | 2023 VND | 2022 VND |
|--|--------|------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Premium revenue ($01 = 01.1 - 01.3$) In which: | 01 | | 214,287,030,311 | 104,049,547,162 |
| -Gross written premiums from direct insuranc -Increase in unearned premiums reserve for | e 01.1 | 19 | 216,937,121,700 | 108,699,580,300 |
| direct insurance | 01.3 | 17 | 2,650,091,389 | 4,650,033,138 |
| Net premium revenue (03 = 01) | 03 | | 214,287,030,311 | 104,049,547,162 |
| Net revenue from insurance activities (10 = 03) | 10 | | 214,287,030,311 | 104,049,547,162 |
| Claims expense and other insurance benefits Increase in technical reserves for direct | 11 | | 1,529,152,157 | 2,070,000 |
| insurance | 13 | 17 | 62,904,884,596 | 23,805,373,216 |
| Total claims expense and other insurance benefits $(15 = 11 + 13)$ | 15 | 20 | 64,434,036,753 | 23,807,443,216 |
| Other operating expenses for insurance activities $(16 = 16.1 + 16.2)$ In which: | 16 | | 32,877,193,237 | 17,984,891,355 |
| - Commission expenses on insurance activities | 16.1 | | 32,828,406,255 | 17,883,274,355 |
| - Other insurance costs | 16.2 | 21 | 48,786,982 | 101,617,000 |
| Total expenses for insurance activities (17 = 15 + 16) | 17 | :- | 97,311,229,990 | 41,792,334,571 |
| Gross profit from insurance activities $(18 = 10 - 17)$ | 18 | = | 116,975,800,321 | 62,257,212,591 |

Shinhan Life Insurance Vietnam Limited Liability Company Statement of income for the year ended 31 December 2023 (continued)

Form B 02 – DNNT (Issued under Circular No. 199/2014/TT-BTC dated 19 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

PART II – STATEMENT OF INCOME BY ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

| | Code | Note | 2023 VND | 2022 VND |
|--|----------|------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Financial income Financial expenses | 22 23 | 22 | 176,975,390,172 22,719,555 | 122,400,496,010 410,583,576 |
| Profit from financial activities $(24 = 22 - 23)$ | 24 | - | 176,952,670,617 | 121,989,912,434 |
| Selling expenses General and administration expenses | 25 26 | 23 24 | 192,006,689,220 153,006,094,613 | 88 ,278,300,542 128,704,903,913 |
| Net operating loss $(30 = 18 + 24 - 25 - 26)$ | 30 |) <u>—</u> | (51,084,312,895) | (32,736,079,430) |
| Other income Other expenses | 31 32 | | 9,700 1,741,562 | 195,884 308,315,803 |
| Results of other activities $(40 = 31 - 32)$ | 40 | - | (1,731,862) | (308,119,919) |
| Accounting loss before tax $(50 = 30 + 40)$ | 50 | - | (51,086,044,757) | (33,044,199,349) |
| Income tax expense – current Income tax (benefit)/expense – deferred | 51 52 | 25 25 | (1,326,907,439) | 861,314,178 372,910,519 |
| Net loss after tax $(60 = 50 - 51 - 52)$ | 60 | _ | (49,759,137,318) | (34,278,424,046) |

26 March 2024

Prepared by:

Le Thi Minh Thuy Chief Accountant

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TNHH
BẢO HIỂM
SHINHAN LIFE
VIỆT NAN

TP H Bae Seung Jun General Director

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Shinhan Life Insurance Vietnam Limited Liability Company Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Indirect method)

Form B 03 – DNNT (Issued under Circular No. 199/2014/TT-BTC dated 19 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

| | Code | 2023 VND | 2022 VND |
|---|--------|---------------------|---------------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIV | VITIES | | |
| Loss before tax Adjustments for | 01 | (51,086,044,757) | (33,044,199,349) |
| Depreciation and amortisation | 02 | 39,406,153,841 | 23,254,108,866 |
| Allowances, reserves and provisions | 03 | 65,588,688,050 | 28,455,406,354 |
| Profits from investing activities | 05 | (176,975,390,172) | (122,400,496,010) |
| Operating loss before changes in working capital | 08 | (123,066,593,038) | (103,735,180,139) |
| Change in receivables and other assets | 09 | (9,384,528,987) | (24,758,164,777) |
| Change in payables | 11 | (19,523,757,558) | 25,571,287,758 |
| Change in prepaid expenses | 12 | (5,398,498,972) | (15,515,788,256) |
| Net cash flows from operating activities | 20 | (157,373,378,555) | (118,437,845,414) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIV | TTIES | | |
| Payments for additions to fixed assets and | | | |
| other long-term assets Payments for term deposits at banks, | 21 | (53,099,940,636) | (77,924,552,433) |
| purchase of debt instruments Receipts from term deposits at banks, sales of | 23 | (1,856,896,400,000) | (1,787,155,000,000) |
| debt instruments | 24 | 1,891,655,000,000 | 1,800,000,000,000 |
| Receipts of interest | 27 | 151,710,535,141 | 114,504,040,533 |
| Net cash flows from investing activities | 30 | 133,369,194,505 | 49,424,488,100 |





Shinhan Life Insurance Vietnam Limited Liability Company Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2023 (Indirect method - continued)

Form B 03 – DNNT (Issued under Circular No. 199/2014/TT-BTC dated 19 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

| | | 2023 VND | 2022 VND |
|---|----|------------------|------------------|
| Net cash flows during the year $(50 = 20 + 30)$ | 50 | (24,004,184,050) | (69,013,357,314) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year | 60 | 109,503,197,749 | 178,516,555,063 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year $(70 = 50 + 60 + 61)$ (Note 4) | 70 | 85,499,013,699 | 109,503,197,749 |

26 March 2024

Prepared by:

Le Thi Minh Thuy Chief Accountant

85 - C. Approved by: 1

CÔNG TY TNHH BẢO HIỂM SHINHAN LIFE

VIỆT NAM Bac Seung Jun T.P HGeneral Director

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Shinhan Life Insurance Vietnam Limited Liability Company Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023

Form B 09 - DNNT

(Issued under Circular No. 199/2014/TT-BTC dated 19 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

1. Reporting entity

(a) Ownership structure

Shinhan Life Insurance Vietnam Limited Liability Company ("the Company") is incorporated as a limited liability company in Vietnam under Law on The Establishment and Operation License No. 85/GP/KDBH was issued by the Ministry of Finance on 8 February 2021. The Establishment and Operation License is valid for 50 years from the date of the Establishment and Operation License.

(b) Principal activities

The principal activities of the Company are to provide life insurance services, health insurance services, reinsurance activities and investment activities.

(c) Normal operating cycle

The normal operating cycle of the Company is assumed to be 12 months.

(d) Location and operation network

The Company's Head Office is located at 20th Floor, Friendship Tower, 31 Le Duan Street, Ben Nghe Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam. As at 31 December 2023, the Company has four (4) Sale Offices (31/12/2022: three (3) Sale Offices).

As at 31 December 2023, the Company had 110 employees (31/12/2022: 65 employees).

2. Basis of preparation

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System for enterprises, Circular No. 199/2014/TT-BTC dated 19 December 2014 issued by the Ministry of Finance on the promulgation of accounting guidance for life insurance companies and reinsurance companies and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to financial reporting. These standards and the relevant statutory requirements may differ in some material respects from generally accepted accounting principles and standards in other countries. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Company in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and practices in countries or jurisdictions other than Vietnam. Furthermore, their utilisation is not designed for those who are not informed about Vietnam's accounting principles, procedures and practices for life insurance companies and reinsurance companies.

Form B 09 - DNNT

(Issued under Circular No. 199/2014/TT-BTC dated 19 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

(b) Basis of measurement

The financial statements, except for the statement of cash flows, are prepared on the accrual basis using the historical cost concept. The statement of cash flows is prepared using the indirect method.

(c) Annual accounting period

The annual accounting period of the Company is from 1 January to 31 December.

(d) Accounting and presentation currency

The Company's accounting currency is Vietnam Dong ("VND"), which is also the currency used for financial statement presentation purpose.

(e) Form of accounting records

The Company uses accounting software to record its transactions and the accounting documentation is general ledger.

(f) Changes in accounting policies resulting from changes in the relevant statutory requirements

(i) Adoption of Decree No. 46/2023/ND-CP dated 1 July 2023

On 1 July 2023, the Government of Vietnam issued Decree No. 46/2023/ND-CP ("Decree 46") on the promulgation of implementation guidance for certain articles of Law on Insurance Business No. 08/2022/QH15 dated 16 June 2022 passed by the National Assembly. Decree 46 takes effect from 1 July 2023 except for certain articles being effective from 1 January 2023. Decree 46 supersedes Decree No. 73/2016/ND-CP dated 1 July 2016 ("Decree 73") issued by the Government of Vietnam on the promulgation of implementation guidance for Law on Insurance Business and Law amending and supplementing certain articles of Law on Insurance Business except for certain articles of Decree 73 being effective until 31 December 2027.

Effective from 1 July 2023, the Company has prospectively adopted the applicable requirements of Decree 46. The changes to the Company's accounting policies resulting from the prospective adoption of the applicable requirements of Decree 46 and the effects on the Company's financial statements, if any, are disclosed in Note 3(e) to the financial statements.

Form B 09 - DNNT

(Issued under Circular No. 199/2014/TT-BTC dated 19 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

(ii) Adoption of Circular No. 67/2023/TT-BTC dated 2 November 2023

On 2 November 2023, the Ministry of Finance issued Circular No. 67/2023/TT-BTC ("Circular 67") providing implementation guidance for certain articles of Law on Insurance Business, Decree No. 46/2023/ND-CP dated 1 July 2023 (Decree 46") issued by the Government of Vietnam on the promulgation of implementation guidance for certain articles of Law on Insurance Business. Circular 67 takes effect from 2 November 2023 except for certain articles being effective from 1 January 2023. Circular 67 supersedes Circular No. 50/2017/TT-BTC dated 15 May 2017 ("Circular 50") issued by the Ministry of Finance providing implementation guidance for Decree 73 and the Circulars amending and supplementing certain articles of Circular 50 except for certain articles of Circular 50 being effective until 31 December 2027.

Effective from 2 November 2023, the Company has prospectively adopted the applicable requirements of Circular 67. The changes to the Company's accounting policies resulting from the prospective adoption of the applicable requirements of Circular 67 and the effects on the Company's financial statements, if any, are disclosed in Note 3(1) and Note 3(p) to the financial statements.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies

The following significant accounting policies have been adopted by the Company in the preparation of these financial statements.

Except for the changes in accounting policies as described in Note 2(f), the significant accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

(a) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in currencies other than VND during the year have been translated into VND at rates approximating actual rates of exchange ruling at the transaction dates.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than VND are translated into VND at the account transfer buying rate and account transfer selling rate, respectively, at the end of the annual accounting period quoted by the commercial bank where the Company most frequently conducts transactions.

All foreign exchange differences are recorded in the statement of income.

(b) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash at banks and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.





Form B 09 - DNNT

(Issued under Circular No. 199/2014/TT-BTC dated 19 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

(c) Investments

Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are those that the Company's management has the intention and ability to hold until maturity. Held-to-maturity investments include term deposits at banks and certificates of deposit. These investments are stated at cost less allowance for doubtful debts.

(d) Accounts receivable

Insurance and other receivables are stated at cost less allowance for doubtful debts.

Accounts receivable comprise insurance receivables, other trade receivables and other receivables which are classified based on their nature as follows:

- Insurance receivables are trade receivables arising from rendering insurance services;
- Other trade receivables are receivables arising from providing services other than insurance services;
 and
- Other receivables are receivables not arising from providing services.

Insurance receivables, other trade receivables and other receivables are stated at cost less allowance for doubtful debts. Allowance for doubtful debts is made based on the overdue status of receivables or expected losses on undue receivables which may occur when an economic organisation is bankrupted or liquidated; or debtor is missing, running away, being prosecuted, in prison, under a trial or pending execution of sentences or deceased.

For overdue receivables, the Company makes allowance for doubtful debts by reference to the overdue status as follows:

| Overdue status | Allowance rate |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|
| Over 6 months to less than 1 year | 30% |
| From 1 to less than 2 years | 50% |
| From 2 to less than 3 years | 70% |
| From 3 years and above | 100% |
| | |

Allowance for doubtful debts based on the expected losses of undue receivables is also determined by the Company's management after giving consideration to the recovery of these receivables.

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(Issued under Circular No. 199/2014/TT-BTC dated 19 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

(e) Statutory security deposit

Prior to 1 July 2023

According to Decree 73, the Company is required to place a statutory security deposit of 2% legal capital at a commercial bank in Vietnam. This statutory security deposit is only used to meet any commitments made to the policyholders when the Company is unable to meet its financial obligations and the approval from the Ministry of Finance has been obtained. This statutory security deposit can only be fully withdrawn upon ceasing the business operations.

Effective from 1 July 2023

According to Decree 46, the Company is required to place a statutory security deposit of 2% minimum charter capital at a commercial bank in Vietnam. This statutory security deposit is only used to meet any commitments made to the policyholders when the Company is unable to meet its financial obligations and the approval from the Ministry of Finance has been obtained. This statutory security deposit can only be fully withdrawn upon ceasing the business operations.

The adoption of the requirements of Decree 46 applicable to statutory security deposit has resulted in an increase of VND3,000 million in statutory security deposit as at and for the year ended 31 December 2023.

(f) Tangible fixed assets

(i) Cost

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The initial cost of a tangible fixed asset comprises its purchase price, including import duties, non-refundable purchase taxes and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after tangible fixed assets have been put into operation, such as repairs, maintenance and overhaul costs, is charged to the statement of income in the year in which the costs are incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of tangible fixed assets beyond their originally assessed standard of performance, the expenditure is capitalised as an additional cost of the tangible fixed assets.

(ii) Depreciation

Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of tangible fixed assets. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

• office equipment 3-5 years

(g) Intangible fixed assets

(i) Software

Cost of acquiring new software, which is not an integral part of the related hardware, is capitalised and treated as an intangible fixed asset. Software cost is amortised on a straight-line basis ranging from 5 to 8 years.

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(Issued under Circular No. 199/2014/TT-BTC dated 19 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

(ii) License fees

Licence fees are stated at cost and amortised on a straight-line basic over a period ranging from 5 to 11 years.

(h) Construction in progress

Construction in progress represents the cost of tangible and intangible fixed assets which have not been fully completed or installed. No depreciation is provided for construction in progress during the period of construction and installation.

(i) Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses are recognised at cost in either of short-term or long-term prepaid expenses on the balance sheet and then amortised over the period for which the amounts are paid or the period in which the economic benefits are generated in relation to these expenses.

(i) Tools and instruments

Tools and instruments include assets held for use by the Company in the normal course of business whose costs of individual items are less than VND30 million and therefore not qualified for recognition as fixed assets under prevailing regulation. Cost of tools and instruments are amortised on a straight-line basis over a period ranging from 2 to 3 years.

(ii) Software maintenance and support fees

Software maintenance and support fees are stated at cost and amortised on a straight-line basis over a period ranging from 1 to 3 years.

(j) Accounts payable

Accounts payable comprise insurance payables, other trade payables and other payables which are classified cased on their nature as follows:

- Insurance payables are trade payables arising from rendering insurance services;
- Other trade payables are payables arising from purchases of goods and services other than insurance transactions; and
- Other payables are payables not arising from purchases of goods and services.

(k) Provisions

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

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(Issued under Circular No. 199/2014/TT-BTC dated 19 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

(l) Technical reserves

Prior to 2 November 2023

Technical reserves had been established in accordance with the requirements and guidance of Circular 50, Circular No. 01/2019/TT-BTC dated 2 January 2019 ("Circular 01") issued by the Ministry of Finance amending and supplementing certain articles of Circular 50 and Circular No. 89/2020/TT-BTC dated 11 November 2020 issued by the Ministry of Finance amending and supplementing certain articles of Circular 50.

Effective from 2 November 2023

Technical reserves have been established in accordance with the requirements and guidance of Circular 67.

The Company's technical reserves comprise:

(i) Mathematical reserve

Mathematical reserve is made for insurance policies with a term of more than one (01) year, calculated based on the assumptions and methodologies approved by the Ministry of Finance as follows:

Mortality rates

Mortality rates apply specified rates of 1980 commissioners Standard Ordinary table ("CSO 1980").

Valuation interest rates

Valuation interest rates are set at 2.12% per annum at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022.

Reserving methods

- Endowment insurance products
 - Insurance policies with a term of over 5 years being applied net premium method adjusted by Zillmer 3% of sum assured. The adjusted net premium used for reserve calculation is capped at 100% of gross premium.
- Term life insurance products
 - Insurance policies with a term from 1 to 5 years being applied net premium method.
 - Insurance policies with a term of over 5 years being applied net premium method adjusted by 12-month full preliminary term ("FPT").
- Health insurance products: greater of net premium method and method 1/8 unearned premium reserve.





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Shinhan Life Insurance Vietnam Limited Liability Company Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (continued)

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(Issued under Circular No. 199/2014/TT-BTC dated 19 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

(ii) Unearned premiums reserve

Unearned premiums reserve is only applicable for policies with a term of less than or equal to one year and is calculated based on the gross premium basis as followed:

Unearned premium reserve = Gross premium x Unearned premium reserve ratio.

(iii) Claims reserve

Claims reserve comprises reserve for outstanding claims and reserve for incurred but not reported claims.

- Outstanding claims reserve is the reserve for claims notified to the Company but not yet settlement at the end of the annual accounting period. This reserve is calculated on a case by case basis.
- Incurred but not reported ("IBNR") claims reserve is the reserve made for the claim cases incurred but not yet notified to the Company at the end of the annual accounting period.
 - Term life products: established at 3% of total premium revenue recorded in the last 12 months for insurance policies with a term of 1 year or less of the product; and
 - Health insurance products: established at 3% of the total insurance premium recorded in the last 12 months of the product.

(iv) Equalisation reserve

Equalisation reserve is established annually at 1% of profit before tax until the reserve balance reaches 5% of total premiums collected during the annual accounting period.

The adoption of the requirements of Circular 67 applicable to technical reserves has no material impact on the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023.

(m) Contributed capital

Contributed capital is recognised on the contribution date at the actual amount contributed less any directly attributable transaction costs.

(n) Statutory reserve

In accordance with Decree 73 (prior to 1 July 2023) and Decree 46 (from 1 July 2023), the Company is required to make appropriation of 5% of profit after tax annually to establish the statutory reserve until this reserve reaches 10% of the Company's charter capital. This statutory reserve is non-distributable and is classified as part of equity.

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(o) Taxation

Income tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in the interim statement of income except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted at the end of the annual accounting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the annual accounting period.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

(p) Premium revenue

Premium revenue from direct insurance is recognised in accordance with the requirements and guidance of Circular 50 (prior to 2 November 2023) and Circular 67 (from 2 November 2023).

Premium revenue from direct insurance is recognised in the statement of income based on the enforcement of insurance policies (when risks are assumed), specified as follows:

- when the insurance policy has been entered into by the Company and the insured and the insured has fully paid the premium;
- there is evidence that the insurance policy has been entered into and the insured has fully paid the premium; and
- when insurance policy has been entered into by the Company and there is agreement between the Company and the insured for insurance premium being paid on instalment basis, the Company recognises the due premiums and does not recognise undue premiums as specified in the insurance policy.

When a risk is cancelled and a refund of premium is necessary, written premiums are adjusted by deducting the amount of the arising refunded premium, as appropriate.

The adoption of the requirements of Circular 67 applicable to premium revenue recognition from direct insurance has no material impact on the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023.

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(q) Claims expense and other insurance benefits

Claims expense and other insurance benefits include maturities, periodical cash benefits, surrenders, insurance events and death claims. Maturity claims are recognised as expenses on the maturity date of policy. Periodical cash benefits are recognised in the statement of income when each periodical instalment becomes due for payment. Surrenders are charged to the statement of income when paid and insurance events and death claims are recognised when being approved.

(r) Commission expenses

Commission expenses are calculated as the percentages of gross written premiums and are recognised in the statement of income as incurred.

(s) Revenue from financial activities

Interest income

Interest income from term deposits at banks and certificates of deposits are recognised on a time proportion basis with reference to the principal outstanding and applicable interest rate.

(t) Leases

(i) Leased assets

Assets held under the lease contracts of which the Company, as lessee, does not assume substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases and are not recognised in the Company's balance sheet.

(ii) Lease payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the statement of income on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received are recognised in the statement of income as an integral part of the total lease expense, over the term of the lease.

(u) Related parties

Parties are considered to be related to the Company if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions, or where the Company and the other party are subject to common control or significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or corporate entities and include close family members of any individual considered to be a related party.

Related companies refer to the investor (the parent company), the ultimate parent company and their subsidiaries and associates.

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(Issued under Circular No. 199/2014/TT-BTC dated 19 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

(v) Nil balances

Items or balances required by Circular No. 199/2014/TT-BTC dated 19 December 2014 issued by the Ministry of Finance on the promulgation of accounting guidance for life insurance companies and reinsurance companies that are not shown in these financial statements indicate nil balances.

(w) Comparative information

Comparative information in these financial statements is presented as corresponding figures. Under this method, comparative information for the prior year is included as an integral part of the current year financial statements and is intended to be read only in relation to the amounts and other disclosures relating to the current year. Accordingly, the comparative information included in these financial statements is not intended to present the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows for the prior year.

4. Cash and cash equivalents

| | 31/12/2023 VND | 31/12/2022 VND |
|--|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Cash at banks Cash equivalents | 7,999,013,699 77,500,000,000 | 6,503,197,749 103,000,000,000 |
| Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows | 85,499,013,699 | 109,503,197,749 |

Cash equivalents represent term deposits at banks with original term to maturity of not more than three months and earn annual interest rates ranging from 3.50% to 4.55% as at 31 December 2023 (31/12/2022: from 2.10% to 6.00%).

5. Short-term financial investments

| | 31/12/2023 VND | 31/12/2022 VND |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Short-term investments Term deposits at banks Certificates of deposit | 902,296,400,000 430,000,000,000 | 1,326,655,000,000 265,000,000,000 |
| | 1,332,296,400,000 | 1,591,655,000,000 |

These term deposits at banks and certificates of deposit have original term to maturity of more than three months to 12 months and remaining term to maturity of not more than 12 months at the reporting date, and earn annual interest rates ranging from 4.90% to 9.70% as at 31 December 2023 (31/12/2022: from 4.50% to 13.00%).



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6. Accounts receivable

| | 31/12/2023 VND | 31/12/2022 VND |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Accounts receivable – insurance • Premiums receivable from policyholders | 20,805,638,600 | 17,836,284,400 |
| Premiums receivable from policyholders Third parties Related companies - collections on behalf of the Company | 7,730,218,000 13,075,420,600 | 415,112,100 17,421,172,300 |
| ; _ | 20,805,638,600 | 17,836,284,400 |

7. Other receivables

(a) Other short-term receivables

| | 31/12/2 | 2023 | 31/12/ | 2022 |
|---|----------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|
| | Cost VND | Allowance VND | Cost VND | Allowance VND |
| Accrued interest receivables from short-term deposits at banks Accrued interest receivables from short-term certificates of | 48,587,896,224 | - | 62,618,092,329 | - |
| deposit | 17,709,917,809 | - | 2,616,027,397 | - |
| Short-term security deposits | 561,754,130 | (33,712,065) | 519,195,000 | - |
| Others | 2,130,216,820 | - | 748,281,996 | - |
| | 68,989,784,983 | (33,712,065) | 66,501,596,722 | - |

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(b) Other long-term receivables

| | 31/12/2023 VND | 31/12/2022 VND |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| Statutory security deposit (i) | 15,000,000,000 | 12,000,000,000 |
| Accrued interest receivables from long-term deposits at | | |
| banks | 9,259,749,042 | 2,219,177 |
| Accrued interest receivables from long-term certificates of | | |
| deposit | 24,607,770,676 | 9,672,328,767 |
| Office rental deposits | 6,684,583,413 | 4,488,676,413 |
| Others | 3,029,907,059 | 895,000,000 |
| | 58,582,010,190 | 27,058,224,357 |

(i) The Company has placed term deposits at Shinhan Bank Vietnam Limited, a related party, as statutory security deposit. These term deposits earn annual interest rates ranging from 5.6% to 8.4% at 31 December 2023 (31/12/2022: 4.6%).

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (continued) Shinhan Life Insurance Vietnam Limited Liability Company

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Tangible fixed assets œ

|) | Office equipment VND | Others VND | Total VND |
|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Cost Opening balance Additions | 47,158,924,230 6,623,184,539 | 595,970,320 | 47,754,894,550 6,623,184,539 |
| Closing balance | 53,782,108,769 | 595,970,320 | 54,378,079,089 |
| Accumulated depreciation Opening balance Charge for the year | 9,272,438,832 16,338,642,598 | 129,789,091 119,194,064 | 9,402,227,923 |
| Closing balance | 25,611,081,430 | 248,983,155 | 25,860,064,585 |
| Net book value Opening balance Closing balance | 37,886,485,398 28,171,027,339 | 466,181,229 346,987,165 | 38,352,666,627 28,518,014,504 |
| | | | |





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9. Intangible fixed assets

| | Software VND | License fees VND | Total VND |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Cost | | | |
| Opening balance Additions Transfer from construction in | 96,221,581,685 27,708,763,469 | 20,919,515,918 | 117,141,097,603 27,708,763,469 |
| progress | 4,169,575,000 | 3,563,000,000 | 7,732,575,000 |
| Closing balance | 128,099,920,154 | 24,482,515,918 | 152,582,436,072 |
| Accumulated amortisation | | | |
| Opening balance | 11,388,222,050 | 3,492,097,650 | 14,880,319,700 |
| Charge for the year | 20,548,652,201 | 2,399,664,978 | 22,948,317,179 |
| Closing balance | 31,936,874,251 | 5,891,762,628 | 37,828,636,879 |
| Net book value | | | |
| Opening balance | 84,833,359,635 | 17,427,418,268 | 102,260,777,903 |
| Closing balance | 96,163,045,903 | 18,590,753,290 | 114,753,799,193 |





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10. Construction in progress

| | | 2023 VND |
|--|-------------------|--|
| Opening balance Additions Transfer to intangible fixed assets (Note 9) | | 3,232,213,125 22,765,136,928 (7,732,575,000) |
| Closing balance | _ | 18,264,775,053 |
| Major items of construction in progress: | | |
| | 31/12/2023 VND | 31/12/2022 VND |
| Information Technology Systems | 18,264,775,053 | 3,232,213,125 |
| Long-term financial investments | | |

11. Long-term financial investments

| | 31/12/2023 Cost VND | 31/12/2022 Cost VND |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Long-term investments | | |
| Term deposits at banks (i) | 302,300,000,000 | - |
| • Certificates of deposit (ii) | 322,300,000,000 | 400,000,000,000 |
| | 624,600,000,000 | 400,000,000,000 |

- (i) These term deposits at banks have remaining term to maturity of more than one (1) year at the reporting date and earn annual interest rates ranging from 5.7 to 9.2% at 31 December 2023.
- (ii) These certificates of deposit have remaining term to maturity of more than one (1) year and earn annual interest rates ranging from 8.10% to 8.80% at 31 December 2023 (31/12/2022: 6.00% to 8.25%).

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12. Prepaid expenses

(a) Short-term prepaid expenses

| | 31/12/2023 VND | 31/12/2022 VND |
|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Maintenance and support fees | 11,096,762,805 | 7,044,039,448 |
| Tuition fees | 968,652,055 | 1,525,552,511 |
| Rental fees | 149,000,000 | 1,039,893,500 |
| Others | 278,526,564 | 551,086,990 |
| | 12,492,941,424 | 10,160,572,449 |

(b) Long-term prepaid expenses

| | IT devices VND | Software maintenance and support fees VND | Tool and instruments VND | Others VND | Total VND |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Opening balance Additions | 4,217,269,464 3,328,900,340 | 2,692,675,618 2,035,988,600 | 899,758,636 3,483,426,979 | 53,508,639 423,863,353 | 7,863,212,357 9,272,179,272 |
| Amortisation for the year | (2,663,295,239) | (1,917,972,745) | (1,542,935,329) | (81,845,962) | (6,206,049,275) |
| Closing balance | 4,882,874,565 | 2,810,691,473 | 2,840,250,286 | 395,526,030 | 10,929,342,354 |

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Deferred tax assets/(liabilities), net 13.

| | 31/12/2023 VND | 31/12/2022 VND |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| Recognised deferred tax assets | | |
| Accrued expenses | 900,040,212 | - |
| Provision for severance allowance | 53,956,708 | - |
| | 953,996,920 | - |
| Recognised deferred liabilitiesTaxable temporary differences | - | (372,910,519) |
| Deferred tax assets/(liabilities), net | 953,996,920 | (372,910,519) |

Accounts payable to suppliers 14.

| | | 04/40/0000 |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| | 31/12/2023 | 31/12/2022 |
| | VND | VND |
| Accounts payable – insurance | 10,857,095,150 | 18,805,415,255 |
| Claims and insurance benefits payable to policyholders | 75,306,470 | 63,662,625 |
| Compensations payable to agents | 1,287,692,415 | 4,399,866,725 |
| Compensations payable to other distribution channels (i) | 9,494,096,265 | 14,341,885,905 |
| Other trade payables | 8,533,940,700 | 10,252,585,296 |
| Payables to suppliers | 8,533,940,700 | 10,252,585,296 |
| | 19,391,035,850 | 29,058,000,551 |
| Details compensations payable to other distribution channels: | | |
| | 31/12/2023 VND | 31/12/2022 VND |
| Chinhan Dank Wistness Limited (Note 26 (h)) | 214 712 250 | 2 761 001 910 |

(i)

| | 31/12/2023 VND | 31/12/2022 VND |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| Shinhan Bank Vietnam Limited (Note 26 (b)) | 314,713,350 | 2,761,901,810 |
| Shinhan Vietnam Finance Company Limited (Note 26 (b)) | 8,684,519,190 | 11,558,761,995 |
| Third parties | 494,863,725 | 21,222,100 |
| <u>-</u> | 9,494,096,265 | 14,341,885,905 |

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (continued) Shinhan Life Insurance Vietnam Limited Liability Company

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Taxes (payable to)/receivable from State Treasury 15.

Taxes payable to State Treasury (a)

| 31/12/2023 VND | 33,045,994 1,693,486,152 139,609,150 | 1,866,141,296 |
|----------------------------------|---|------------------|
| Fransfer to taxes receivable VND | - - (3,532,269) | (3,532,269) |
| T Paid VND | (182,123,282) (12,922,846,361) (1,693,429,237) | (14,798,398,880) |
| Incurred | 107,790,752 11,345,246,284 1,742,917,544 | 13,195,954,580 |
| 1/1/2023 VND | 107,378,524 3,271,086,229 93,653,112 | 3,472,117,865 |
| | Value added tax Personal income tax Other taxes | |

Taxes receivable from State Tre **a**

| | 1/1/2023 VND | Transfer from taxes payable VND | 31/12/2023 VND |
|--|-----------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Corporate income tax overpaid Other taxes | 1,292,342,088 | 3,532,269 | 1,292,342,088 3,532,269 |
| | 1,292,342,088 | 3,532,269 | 1,295,874,357 |





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16. Accrued expenses

| | 31/12/2023 VND | 31/12/2022 VND |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| Consulting fees | 6,646,819,681 | 12,874,453,222 |
| Agents and other distribution channels' bonus | 4,400,201,056 | 4,877,872,670 |
| Employees' bonus | 5,414,144,832 | 3,744,850,000 |
| Others | 4,015,976,228 | 2,813,300,760 |
| | 20,477,141,797 | 24,310,476,652 |

Shinhan Life Insurance Vietnam Limited Liability Company Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (continued)

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Technical reserves 17.

| i ecnnical reserves | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Mathematical reserve VND (ii) | Unearned premiums reserve VND | Claims reserve VND (i) | Total VND |
| Balance at 1 January 2022 Reserve made during the year | 23,478,318,009 | - 4,650,033,138 | 327,055,207 | 28,455,406,354 |
| Balance at 31 December 2022 Reserve made during the year | 23,478,318,009 62,100,784,858 | 4,650,033,138 | 327,055,207 804,099,738 | 28,455,406,354 65,554,975,985 |
| Balance at 31 December 2023 | 85,579,102,867 | 7,300,124,527 | 1,131,154,945 | 94,010,382,339 |
| Details of claims reserve are as follows: | 31/12/2023 | 31/12/2022 | | |
| IBNR claims reserve Outstanding claims reserve | VND 511,672,971 619,481,974 | VND 213,480,207 113,575,000 | | |
| | 1,131,154,945 | 327,055,207 | | |

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (continued) Shinhan Life Insurance Vietnam Limited Liability Company

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(ii) Movements of mathematical reserve during the year were as follows:

| Year ended 31 December 2023 | 1/1/2023 VND | Movements during the year VND | 31/12/2023 VND |
|--|-----------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Mathematical reserve for traditional life insurance policies | 23,478,318,009 | 62,100,784,858 | 85,579,102,867 |
| Year ended 31 December 2022 | 1/1/2022 VND | Movements during the year VND | 31/12/2022 VND |
| Mathematical reserve for traditional life insurance policies | | 23,478,318,009 | 23,478,318,009 |

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Shinhan Life Insurance Vietnam Limited Liability Company Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (continued)

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18. Owner's equity

(a) Statement of changes in equity

| | Contributed capital VND | Statutory reserve VND | Retained profits/ (accumulated losses) VND | Total VND |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| Balance at 1 January 2022 Loss for the year | 2,320,000,000,000 | 355,003,758 | 6,745,071,392 (34,278,424,046) | 2,327,100,075,150 (34,278,424,046) |
| Balance at 31 December 2022 Loss for the year | 2,320,000,000,000 | 355,003,758 | (27,533,352,654) | 2,292,821,651,104 (49,759,137,318) |
| Balance at 31 December 2023 | 2,320,000,000,000 | 355,003,758 | (77,292,489,972) | 2,243,062,513,786 |



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(b) Contributed capital

The Company's authorised and contributed charter capitals are as follows:

As at 31/12/2023 and 31/12/2022 % VND

Shinhan Life Insurance Corporation

2,320,000,000,000

100

The parent company, Shinhan Life Insurance Corporation, and the ultimate parent company, Shinhan Financial Group is incorporated in Republic of Korea.

Gross written premiums from direct insurance 19.

| | 2023 VND | 2022 VND |
|------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Term life insurance products | 191,518,680,700 | 96,478,995,300 |
| Endowment insurance products | 20,160,838,000 | 11,306,963,000 |
| Health insurance products | 5,257,603,000 | 913,622,000 |
| | 216,937,121,700 | 108,699,580,300 |

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20. Total claims expense and other insurance benefits

21.

22.

• Certificates of deposit

Foreign exchange gains

| | 2023 VND | 2022 VND |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Claims expense and other insurance benefits In which | 1,529,152,157 | 2,070,000 |
| ■ Health insurance | 442,899,000 | _ |
| ■ Term life insurance | 922,643,887 | _ |
| ■ Endowment insurance | 163,609,270 | 2,070,000 |
| Increase in technical reserves for direct insurance (Note 17) | 62,904,884,596 | 23,805,373,216 |
| Mathematical reserve | 62,100,784,858 | 23,478,318,009 |
| • Claims reserve | 804,099,738 | 327,055,207 |
| _ | 64,434,036,753 | 23,807,443,216 |
| Other insurance costs | 2023 VND | 2022 VND |
| Claims assessment costs Others | 48,079,000 707,982 | 101,617,000 |
| | 48,786,982 | 101,617,000 |
| Financial income | | |
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| | VND | VND |
| Interest income | | |
| Demand deposits at banks | 36,383,633 | 10,832,512 |
| • Term deposits at banks | 99,769,567,458 | 110,101,307,335 |
| | | |

12,288,356,163

122,400,496,010

77,161,250,131

176,975,390,172

8,188,950

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23. Selling expenses

| | 2023 VND | 2022 VND |
|--|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Bonus expense for agents and other distribution channels | 136,879,560,428 25,564,709,990 | 62,115,879,920 224,357,924 |
| Salary and related expenses Outside services expenses | 16,416,857,662 | 10,917,915,544 |
| Tools, equipment and stationery expenses Other expenses for agents and other distribution channels | 535,627,673 625,629,369 | 545,685,916 488,499,783 |
| Other expenses | 11,984,304,098 | 13,985,961,455 |
| | 192,006,689,220 | 88,278,300,542 |

24. General and administration expenses

| | 2023 VND | 2022 VND |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Salary and related expenses | 53,646,895,023 | 54,186,768,910 |
| Outside services expenses | 44,124,836,292 | 41,293,660,933 |
| Depreciation expense | 39,406,153,841 | 23,254,108,866 |
| Tools, equipment and stationery expenses | 11,570,681,918 | 3,822,087,608 |
| Taxes and duties | 6,000,000 | 3,000,000 |
| Allowance for doubtful debts | 33,712,065 | - |
| Other expenses | 4,217,815,474 | 6,145,277,596 |
| | 153,006,094,613 | 128,704,903,913 |

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25. Income tax

(a) Recognised in the statement of income

| | 2023 VND | 2022 VND |
|---|-----------------|---------------|
| Current tax expense | | |
| Under provision in prior year | - | 861,314,178 |
| Deferred tax (benefit)/expense | | |
| Origination and reversal of temporary differences | (1,326,907,439) | 372,910,519 |
| | (1,326,907,439) | 1,234,224,697 |
| | (1,320,307,433) | |

(b) Reconciliation of effective tax rate

| | 2023 VND | 2022 VND |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Accounting loss before tax | (51,086,044,757) | (33,044,199,349) |
| Tax at the Company's tax rate Non-deductible expenses | (10,217,208,951) 175,157,499 | (6,608,839,870) 36,810,780 |
| Deferred tax assets not recognised | 8,715,144,013 | 6,944,939,609 |
| Under provision in prior year | - | 861,314,178 |
| | (1,326,907,439) | 1,234,224,697 |

(c) Applicable tax rates

The Company's income tax rate is 20%. The income tax computation is subject to the review and approval of the tax authorities.





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(d) Unrecognised deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

| | 31/12/2023 | | 31/12/2022 | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|
| | Temporary difference VND | Tax value VND | Temporary difference VND | Tax value VND |
| Tax losses (i) Deductible temporary | 62,323,477,369 | 12,464,695,474 | 28,368,275,776 | 5,673,655,155 |
| differences | 15,976,940,741 | 3,195,388,148 | 6,356,422,269 | 1,271,284,454 |
| .= | 78,300,418,110 | 15,660,083,622 | 34,724,698,045 | 6,944,939,609 |

(i) The tax losses expire in the following years:

| Year of expiry | Status of tax review | Tax losses available VND |
|----------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 2027 2028 | Outstanding Outstanding | 28,368,275,776 33,955,201,593 |
| 2020 | | 62,323,477,369 |
| | | |

The deductible temporary differences do not expire under current tax legislation. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these items because it is not probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the Company can utilise the benefits therefrom.

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26. Significant transactions with related parties

(a) Transactions with related parties

The Company had the following significant transactions with related parties during the year:

| Transaction value | |
|-------------------|--|
| 2023 | 2022 |
| VND | VND |
| | |
| | |
| 7,217,625,769 | 12,820,453,222 |
| | |
| | |
| 6,586,842,940 | 51,032,043,624 |
| | |
| 19,190,980,115 | 9,336,500,455 |
| 0.4.40.004.404 | 0.410.000.601 |
| , , , | 8,412,832,681 |
| 33,624,981 | 10,989,871 |
| | |
| 182,169,454,700 | 94,918,835,300 |
| 138,569,522,671 | 62,493,242,945 |
| 459,289,087 | - |
| 58,282,465,747 | 7,651,095,889 |
| | |
| 11,465,148,162 | 6,642,013,712 |
| 3,921,118,184 | 2,540,691,760 |
| | 2023 VND 7,217,625,769 6,586,842,940 19,190,980,115 8,143,301,121 33,624,981 182,169,454,700 138,569,522,671 459,289,087 58,282,465,747 11,465,148,162 |

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(b) Balances with related parties

| Bulunces with related parties | | |
|---|---------------------------|-------------------|
| | Balance outstanding as at | |
| | 31/12/2023 VND | 31/12/2022 VND |
| Other related companies | | |
| Shinhan DS Vietnam Company Limited | | |
| Prepayment to supplier | 428,065,000 | - |
| Shinhan Bank Vietnam Limited | | |
| Cash at bank | 7,878,333,261 | 6,374,936,183 |
| Cash equivalents | - | 103,000,000,000 |
| Short-term deposits | 249,196,400,000 | 6,655,000,000 |
| Long-term deposits | 4,500,000,000 | - |
| Statutory security deposit | 15,000,000,000 | 12,000,000,000 |
| Trade payables | 314,713,350 | 2,761,901,810 |
| Shinhan Vietnam Finance Company Limited | | |
| Short-term certificates of deposit | 200,000,000,000 | 265,000,000,000 |
| Long-term certificates of deposit | 200,000,000,000 | 200,000,000,000 |
| Trade receivables | 13,075,420,600 | 17,429,773,400 |
| Trade payables | 8,684,519,190 | 11,558,761,995 |
| | | |

27. Risk management framework

a) Governance framework

The Company implements risk management based on establishing a comprehensive risk management framework and deploying components that comply with related law/regulation and business strategies at each stage. The risk management principles and risk appetite issued by the Members' Council are built based on assessing the material risks and its acceptance level. At the Senior Management level, risk management is implemented into processes, regulations, and limits to ensure that all activities at business units and operating activities follow the issued risk principles and appetite.

Through the internal control system based on the three-line of defense model and the risk management process with full steps (identifying, measuring, monitoring, and managing risks), risk management activities are implemented across the Company to manage, prevent, detect, and promptly handle risks and achieve the targets set by the Members' Council. The implementation, monitoring, and assessment of risk management activities and updating of internal regulations are carried out periodically or when there are changes in the business environment, regulatory requirements, or Company's business strategy.

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b) Insurance risk and policy to manage

i) Risk acceptance on insurance policy

To assure the appropriate of insurance risk accepted by the Company:

- Regularly update with the reinsurance company to ensure that new/latest underwriting guidelines and tools are used, and proactively work with the reinsurance company in the underwriting process of special cases.

ii) Risk assessment and management method

Conduct research on experience studies related to insurance risk factors. These internal studies together with market data are used to identify new trends that can be used to provide information for product design, pricing, underwriting, claim management, and reinsurance needs.

Continuously monitor the transactions through using the various indicators.

iii) Risk restriction and transferring method

The company has worked with reinsurance companies about the reinsurance activities.

iv) Commitment on mobilizing or capital contribution to payment obligation

To ensure the fulfilment of insurance commitments, the Company:

- Maintains cash assets above the minimum regulatory requirement; and
- Maintains a good solvency margin, at least 10% higher than the minimum regulatory requirement.

v) Changes in methods and assumptions used

Assumptions development process

The process of developing assumptions aims to provide prudent and stable estimates of future outcomes. This is achieved by applying best-measured assumptions which can withstand a reasonable fluctuation in actual experience. The regular review of the relevant experience is performed to ensure the reasonableness of the assumptions applied and the most feasible estimates against future outcomes. The assumptions considered include the probability of loss occurrence and investment returns.

The reserving methods for each type of products are described in Note 3(1).





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Assumptions

Mortality: mortality tables used in reserve are based on approved calculation basis and comply with regulatory requirements. The Company ensures that the mortality rate applied in reserve is not lower than the rate used to calculate insurance premiums.

Morbidity: morbidity rates used in reserve are based on approved calculation basis. Morbidity rates mainly include critical illnesses and disability and are generally provided by reinsurers with experience from similar markets.

Valuation interest rate (VIR): the Company uses valuation interest rates for products approved by the MoF. These interest rates may be adjusted in case of fluctuations in Government bond yields, but only after approval from the MoF.

28. Financial instruments

Transactions in financial instruments may result in the Company assuming financial risks. These include market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. Each of these financial risks is described below, together with a summary of the ways in which the Company manages these risks.

(a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that fluctuations in market prices, such as exchange rates, interest rates, and stock prices, will affect the Company's business results or the value of the financial instruments held by the Company. The purpose of market risk management is to manage and control market risks within acceptable limits, while still maximizing profits.

(i) Currency exchange risk

Currency exchange risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments fluctuates due to changes in exchange rates against VND, the Company's accounting currency.

Most of the Company's transactions are conducted in VND and currency exchange risk primarily arises for the US dollar. Almost Company's financial assets were recorded in the same currency as the financial liabilities from insurance policies and investments, which were mainly VND. Therefore, the Company does not have material currency exchange risk.

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(ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuated due to changes in market interest rates.

The following policies, procedures are applied to mitigate the interest rate risk:

- The Company has established and implemented investment principles and strives to achieve investment criteria and ensures that market asset fluctuations are monitored continuously and promptly.
- The Company also establishes clear strategic investment limits, which will be reviewed regularly by the Investment Committee.

At the reporting date, Company's interest bearing financial instruments were:

| | 31/12/2023 Carrying amount VND | 31/12/2022 Carrying amount VND |
|---|---|---|
| Fixed rate instruments | | |
| Financial assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalentsCash at banksCash equivalents | 7,999,013,699 77,500,000,000 | 6,503,197,749 103,000,000,000 |
| Short-term financial investments Term deposits at banks Certificates of deposit | 902,296,400,000 430,000,000,000 | 1,326,655,000,000 265,000,000,000 |
| Long-term financial investments Term deposits at banks Certificates of deposit | 302,300,000,000 322,300,000,000 | 400,000,000,000 |
| Variable rate instruments Financial assets Statutory security deposit | 15,000,000,000 | 12,000,000,000 |

(iii) Equity price risk

The Company did not hold any equity securities at the reporting date. Therefore, the Company is not exposed to equity price risk.

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Credit risk **e**

obligations, and arises mainly from cash at banks, cash equivalents, accounts receivable, short-term investments and long-term investments. The Company adopts Credit risk is the risk of financial loss that may arise for the Company if a customer or counterparty involved in a financial instrument fails to meet their contractual the policy of dealing with customers/counterparties of appropriate credit history to mitigate credit risk.

| At 31 December 2023 | Neither past due nor impaired VND | Past due but not impaired VND | Past due and impaired VND | Total VND |
|----------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | 85,499,013,699 | • | | 85,499,013,699 |
| Short-term financial investments | 1,332,296,400,000 | 1 | 1 | 1,332,296,400,000 |
| Accounts receivable – insurance | 20,805,638,600 | 1 | | 20,805,638,600 |
| Other short-term receivables | 68,842,360,853 | 80,000,000 | 67,424,130 | 68,989,784,983 |
| Other long-term investments | 624,600,000,000 | 1 | ı | 624,600,000,000 |
| Statutory security deposit | 15,000,000,000 | 1 | • | 15,000,000,000 |
| Other long-term receivables | 43,582,010,190 | • | • | 43,582,010,190 |
| | 2,190,625,423,342 | 80,000,000 | 67,424,130 | 2,190,772,847,472 |

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| At 31 December 2022 | Neither past due nor impaired VND | Past due but not impaired VND | Past due and impaired VND | Total VND |
|----------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | 109,503,197,749 | | | 109,503,197,749 |
| Short-term financial investments | 1,591,655,000,000 | ı | | 1,591,655,000,000 |
| Accounts receivable – insurance | 17,836,284,400 | 1 | • | 17,836,284,400 |
| Other short-term receivables | 66,501,596,722 | 1 | | 66,501,596,722 |
| Other long-term investments | 400,000,000,000 | 1 | 1 | 400,000,000,000 |
| Statutory security deposit | 12,000,000,000 | 1 | • | 12,000,000,000 |
| Other long-term receivables | 15,058,224,357 | 1 | • | 15,058,224,357 |
| | 2,212,554,303,228 | 1 | | 2,212,554,303,228 |



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Shinhan Life Insurance Vietnam Limited Liability Company Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 (continued)

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Allowance for doubtful debts:

| Recoverable | amount | 519,195,000 |
|-------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| 31/12/2022 | Allowance VND | 1 |
| | Cost | 519,195,000 |
| Recoverable | amount VND | 528,042,065 |
| 31/12/2023 | Allowance VND | 33,712,065 |
| | Cost | 561,754,130 |
| | | Short-term security deposits |

Movements of allowance for doubtful debts during the year were as follows:

| 2023 2022 VND VND | 33,712,065 | 33,712,065 |
|----------------------|---|-----------------|
| | Opening balance Allowance made during the year | Closing balance |

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(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations when they fall due. The Company's liquidity management approach is to ensure, to the highest extent possible, that the Company always has sufficient liquidity to meet its payables when due, both under normal and stressed financial conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

Contractual maturity

The following policies, procedures are applied to mitigate the liquidity risk:

- The Company has established a mechanism for regularly monitoring liquidity indicators to measure and monitor the Company's liquidity, thereby promptly identifying and detecting any abnormalities and implementing appropriate plans/solutions.
- Asset allocation principles and asset class limits have been issued to ensure that the company has sufficient available financial resources to meet its payment obligations. The company invests mostly in high liquid assets, including term deposits and certificates of deposit.
- Financial contingency plans shall be established as needed to meet financial obligations in emergencies as well as when events occur.

The table below categorises the Company's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period from balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table were the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

| At 31 December 2023 | Carrying amount VND | Contractual cash flows VND | Within 1 year VND |
|--|---|---|---|
| Accounts payable to suppliers | 19,391,035,850 | 19,391,035,850 | 19,391,035,850 |
| Accrued expenses Other short-term payables | 20,477,141,797 392,23 8 ,665 | 20,477,141,797 392,238,665 | 20,477,141,797 392,238,665 |
| | 40,260,416,312 | 40,260,416,312 | 40,260,416,312 |
| | | | |
| At 31 December 2022 | Carrying amount VND | Contractual cash flows VND | Within 1 year VND |
| At 31 December 2022 Accounts payable to suppliers | amount | cash flows | 1 year |
| Accounts payable to suppliers Accrued expenses | amount VND 29,058,000,551 24,310,476,652 | cash flows VND 29,058,000,551 24,310,476,652 | 1 year VND 29,058,000,551 24,310,476,652 |
| Accounts payable to suppliers | amount VND 29,058,000,551 | cash flows VND 29,058,000,551 | 1 year VND 29,058,000,551 |

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(d) Capital management

The primary capital management objectives of the Company are to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of its business and to comply with regulatory capital requirements.

Regulatory capital requirements arise from the operations of the Company and require the Company to hold assets sufficient to cover liabilities and satisfy the solvency margin requirements in Vietnam. The principal solvency margin requirements being applicable to the Company are those set out in relevant regulations of MoF.

The table below summarises the minimum regulatory solvency margin for the Company and the solvency capital held against each of them. Insurance Supervisory Authority ("ISA") are primarily interested in protecting the rights of policyholders and monitor closely to ensure that the insurance subsidiaries are satisfactorily managing affairs for their benefit. In the meantime, ISA is also interested in ensuring that the Company maintains an appropriate solvency position to meet unforeseen insurance obligations arising from economic shocks or natural disasters.

| | The Company's Solvency capital VND million | Minimum Solvency Margin VND million | Solvency Margin Ratio % |
|---------------------|--|---|-------------------------------|
| At 31 December 2023 | 2,155,954 | 20,110 | 10,721 |
| At 31 December 2022 | 2,222,379 | 7,500 | 29,631 |

The solvency ratio of the Company is calculated based on the relevant regulations promulgated by the MoF, which is an indicator of the overall solvency position of the insurance operations.

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29. Operating lease commitments

The future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

| | 31/12/2023 VND | 31/12/2022 VND |
|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Within one year From two to five years | 25,766,265,654 38,695,155,849 | 19,141,212,725 46,612,297,503 |
| | 64,461,421,503 | 65,753,510,228 |

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30. Capital commitments

At the reporting date, the Company had the following outstanding capital commitments approved but not provided for in the balance sheet:

| | 31/12/2023 VND | 31/12/2022 VND |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Approved and contracted | 21,780,482,267 | 9,084,961,199 |

31. Non-cash investing and financing activities

| | 2023 VND | 2022 VND |
|--|---------------|-------------|
| Cost of fixed assets acquired but not yet paid | 3,997,144,300 | 552,310,000 |

26 March 2024

Prepared by:

Le Thi Minh Thuy Chief Accountant

Approved by:

CÔNG TY TNHH BẢO HIỂM

SHINHAN LIFE VIỆT NAM

Bae Seung Jun

Le Ho General Director

